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TITLE: REPRODUCTION CONTROLLER, AND
REPRODUCTION CONTROLLING METHOD AND
PROGRAM

INVENTORS: Takayuki NAKAGAWA, Shin KIMURA

William S. Frommer
Registration No. 25,506
FROMMER LAWRENCE & HAUG LLP
745 Fifth Avenue
New York, New York 10151
Tel. (212) 588-0800

REPRODUCTION CONTROLLER, AND REPRODUCTION CONTROLLING METHOD AND PROGRAM

CROSS REFERENCE TO RELATED APPLICATIONS

5 The present document is based on Japanese Priority Application JP2002-227749, filed in the Japanese Patent Office on August 5, 2002, the contents of which being incorporated herein by reference to the extent permitted by law.

10 BACKGROUND OF THE INVENTION

1. Field of the Invention

 The present invention relates to a reproduction controller, and a reproduction controlling method and program. More particularly, the invention is intended to generate auxiliary
15 information based on a first event notice related to reproducing operation regarding content recorded on a recording medium and a second event notice indicating reproducing position information on the recording medium, and then to issue a
20 command for controlling reproduction of the content based on the result of a comparison or a computation made on the auxiliary information and reproducing position information indicated by a later-supplied second event notice.

2. Description of the Related Art

25 Conventionally, in order to reproduce content recorded on a recording medium, such as, for example, a disk compatible with a DVD-Video standard, a desired command is selected from among predetermined commands and issued to a drive unit, whereby to play the recording medium. For example,
30 when a "Play" command is issued, a current title may be reproduced. When a "PlayChapter(parameter)" command is

issued, a chapter specified by the parameter of the current title is reproduced. When a "PlayNextChapter" command is issued, reproduction of a next chapter is started, and when a "PlayPrevChapter" command is issued, reproduction of a chapter immediately before a current chapter is started. Also, when a "PlayAtTime(parameter)" command is issued, reproduction of the content is started at a time specified by the parameter of the current title. It is further arranged to issue a command such as to reproduce a specified title.

On the other hand, the drive unit supplies predetermined event notices indicating information related to reproducing operation and information related to reproducing positions regarding the content recorded on the recording medium. For example, when an event notice "EC_DVD_ CHAPTER_ START(parameter)" is supplied, it is indicated that reproduction of the chapter specified by the parameter of the current title is started. Also, in an event notice "EC_DVD_CURRENT_HMSF_TIME(parameter)", reproducing position information (a time code) is indicated by the parameter, whereas an event notice "EC_DVD_DISC_ INSERTED" or "EC_DVD_DISC_EJECTED" indicates that the disc is inserted into or ejected from a reproducing apparatus.

It is worth a note that, since the commands as mentioned above are pre-set, the reproducing operations utilizing such commands are limited. For example, when any of the "PlayChapter(parameter)", "PlayNextChapter", and "PlayPrevChapter" commands is used, the command can only move the reproducing position by the chapter, when issued. Also, when the "PlayAtTime(parameter)" command is issued,

Also, when the "PlayAtTime(parameter)" command is issued, the content can be reproduced only from a position specified by the parameter.

5 Additionally, the disc contains various management information so as to play DVD-Video compatible content properly. However, the event notices are pre-set and thus so limited that this management information cannot be read.

10 Consequently, there is an issue in which mere issuance of a limited number of predetermined commands according to user's operation, and non-utilization of the management information constitutes a barrier for implementation of a more diversified and elaborate reproducing operation.

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SUMMARY OF THE INVENTION

In order to alleviate the above mentioned problems, the present invention provides a reproduction controller, and a reproduction controlling method and program, which can
20 implement a variety of reproducing functions by using predetermined commands and event notices supplied by the drive unit.

A reproduction controlling apparatus according to a
25 preferred embodiment of the present invention includes: auxiliary information generation means for generating auxiliary information based on a first event notice related to reproduction operation regarding content recorded in a recording medium and a second event notice indicating
30 reproduction position information of the recording medium; comparison-computation means for comparing or computing

reproduction position information indicated by the auxiliary information with reproduction position information indicated by the second event notice; and command issuing means for issuing a command for controlling reproduction operation of the content, based on a result of the comparison or the computation.

In addition a reproduction controlling method according to another preferred embodiment of the present invention includes the steps of: generating auxiliary information based on a first event notice related to reproduction operation regarding content recorded in a recording medium and a second event notice indicating reproduction position information of the recording medium; and issuing a command for controlling reproduction operation of the content, based on a result of comparison or computation of reproduction position information indicated by the auxiliary information with reproduction position information indicated by the second event notice.

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Furthermore, a computer program written in computer readable form for reproduction controlling according to another preferred embodiment of the present invention has program codes for causing a computer to execute the steps of: acquiring a first event notice related to reproduction operation regarding content recorded in a recording; acquiring a second event notice indicating reproduction position information of the recording medium; generating auxiliary information based on the first event notice and the second event notice; and issuing a command for controlling reproduction operation of the content, based on a result of comparison or computation of

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reproduction position information indicated by the auxiliary information with reproduction position information indicated by the second event notice.

5 ┌ According to the preferred embodiments of the present invention, auxiliary information is generated based on a first event notice related to reproducing operation and a second event notice indicating reproducing position information, regarding content recorded on a recording medium, and a
10 command for controlling the content reproducing operation is issued based on the result of a comparison or a computation performed on the reproducing position information indicated by the auxiliary information and reproducing position information indicated by a later-supplied second event notice,
15 whereby not only operations according to predetermined commands, but also diverse reproducing operation can be performed.

20 Furthermore, the generated auxiliary information is stored, and thereafter read to use the reproducing position information in the read auxiliary information for comparison or computation, whereby further diverse reproducing operation can be performed.

25 Furthermore, the first event notice notifies the reproduction start of a content block constituting the content, whereas the auxiliary information is generated based on the content block, reproduction of which has been started, and the reproducing position information at the time of its reproduction,
30 whereby a reproducing operation can be performed in which the reproduction starting position of this content block is used

as a reference. For example, when reproducing position information indicated by a second event notice is a predetermined time ahead of the reproducing position information indicated by the auxiliary information, a command
5 is issued to change content blocks for reproduction, whereby the skip function can be implemented.

Moreover, when a command issuing operation is performed for controlling the content reproducing operation,
10 such command is issued after converted or adjusted based on the result of a comparison or a computation, whereby conventional command functions can be expanded.

BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE DRAWINGS

15 The above and other features and advantages of the present invention will become more apparent from the following description of the presently exemplary preferred embodiment of the present invention taken in conjunction with the accompanying drawings, in which:

20 FIG. 1 is a diagram showing a content reproducing system according to a preferred embodiment of the present invention;

FIG. 2 is a flowchart showing an operation performed by a control processing section according to a preferred
25 embodiment of the present invention;

FIG. 3 is a diagram for illustrating operation of a skip function;

FIG. 4 is a flowchart showing operation performed to expand a "PlayPrevChapter" command function; and

30 FIG. 5 is a diagram for illustrating the operation to expand the "PlayPrevChapter" command function.

DESCRIPTION OF THE PREFERRED EMBODIMENTS OF THE INVENTION

5 An embodiment of the present invention will be described with reference to the attached drawings. FIG. 1 shows a general configuration of a content reproducing system that reproduces content recorded on a recording medium, such as, for example, a DVD-Video compatible disk.

10 A control processing section 11 of a reproduction controller 10 has connected to it a user interface 30 that inputs signals according to operation by a user. The interface 30 includes a keyboard, a mouse, a touch panel, and remote
15 control signal receiving circuitry. A command issuing section 11a of the control processing section 11 issues commands based on manipulated signals, when receiving the manipulated signals corresponding to command input operation performed by the user via the user interface 30.

20 A command issued by the command issuing section 11a is supplied to a drive unit 20 via a driver section 12. The driver section 12 converts the issued command into a signal acceptable by the drive unit 20. Thus, even when the drive
25 unit 20 is changed to a different type, if a driver section 12 compatible with the changed drive unit 20 is provided, the existing commands issued from the command issuing section 11a can be performed by the changed drive unit 20, with no change or modification made on these commands.

30 The drive unit 20 reproduces image and/or audio content

based on the supplied command, and delivers a signal read from the disc to a reproduced signal processing section 13. The drive unit 20 also feeds event notices indicative of information related to reproducing operation and reproducing
5 positions for the content, to the control processing section 11 via the driver section 12.

The reproduced signal processing section 13 decodes the supplied image and/or audio data, and outputs the decoded
10 image and/or audio data to an image display unit 31 and/or an audio output unit 32 via the control processing section 11. The image display unit 31 presents the image content based on the image data supplied. The audio output unit 32 presents the audio content based on the audio data.

15 An auxiliary information generating section 11b of the control processing section 11 generates auxiliary information using the event notices from the drive unit 20, and stores the generated auxiliary information in an information storage
20 section 14. Also, in order to read the generated but not yet stored auxiliary information, or all or some desired items of stored auxiliary information, a comparison/computation section 11c compares or computes reproducing position information contained in the auxiliary information and reproducing
25 position information supplied by a specific event notice. Based on a comparison or computation result, the command issuing section 11a automatically issues a corresponding command to the drive unit 20.

30 FIG. 2 is a flowchart showing an operation performed by the control processing section 11. In step ST1, the control

processing section 11 acquires from the drive unit 20 a first event notice indicating information related to reproducing operation for content, and then, in step ST2, a second event notice indicating reproducing position information is acquired.

5 In step ST3, auxiliary information indicating a relationship between a content block that constitutes a content and its reproducing position is generated based on the event notices acquired in steps ST1 and ST2.

10 In step ST4, the control processing section 11 stores the auxiliary information generated in step ST3 in the information storage section 14, and then goes to step ST5, in which a second event notice from the drive unit 20, which indicates reproducing position information, is acquired. Then, in step
15 ST6, the auxiliary information from the information storage section 14 is read out, and the process proceeds to step ST7.

In step ST7, the control processing section 11 performs a comparison or a computation between or on the reproducing
20 position information indicated by the second event notice acquired in step ST5 and the position information contained in the auxiliary information read in step ST6, to determine whether or not a command should be issued based on a comparison or computation result. If it is determined not to
25 issue a command, the control processing section 11 loops back to step ST5; otherwise it goes to step ST8, where it issues a command to the drive unit 20 and then returns to step ST1.

The above operation of FIG. 2 will be described more
30 specifically with reference to FIG. 3 that shows an example of a skip function. In the skip function, auxiliary information

indicating a relationship between a content block constituting content, for example, a chapter, and its starting position is generated, and by using such auxiliary information, each chapter, is sequentially and automatically reproduced (played)
5 from its beginning for only a predetermined time.

When the skip function is selected, first, the command issuing section 11a of the control processing section 11 issues to the drive unit 20 a "Play" command at a time t1 in FIG. 3.
10 The drive unit 20 then starts reproducing a chapter 1, which is a first chapter, in a title 1. The drive unit 20 also outputs an event notice "EC_DVD_CHAPTER_START" indicating the reproduction start of the chapter 1, at a time t2 at which the reproduction is started. It further starts outputting event
15 notices "EC_DVD_CURRENT_HMSF_TIME" as the reproduction is started. Each event notice "EC_DVD_CURRENT_HMSF_TIME" outputs as reproducing position information, a current time measured from the starting time of the title as a reference. This event notice is
20 outputted at the beginning of every VOB (Video Object Unit) that is generated every 0.4 to 1 seconds. The reproducing position information includes a time code "time, minute, second, frame".

25 The control processing section 11 acquires the event notice "EC_DVD_CHAPTER_START" in step ST1 and a first one of the event notices "EC_DVD_CURRENT_HMSF_TIME" in step ST2, of FIG. 2. Then, in step ST3, auxiliary information is generated by relating the chapter 1 to the
30 reproducing position information indicating the beginning position of the chapter 1, based on these event notices received

in steps ST1 and ST2. In step ST4, the generated auxiliary information is stored in the information storage section 14.

5 Thereafter, in step ST5, the control processing section 11
acquires reproducing position information indicative of a
current reproducing position based on a later supplied event
notice "EC_DVD_CURRENT_HMSF_TIME", and then in step
ST6, reads the auxiliary information from the information
storage section 14. In step ST7, the information indicated by
10 the auxiliary information is subtracted from the reproducing
position information acquired in step ST5, to determine
whether the reproducing time for the chapter 1 exceeds a
predetermined time TA or not. If not, the control processing
section 11 loops back to step ST5. Otherwise, or if a time t3 is
15 reached upon lapse of the predetermined time TA, then the
control processing section 11 goes to step ST8 where it issues a
"PlayNextChapter" command for reproducing a next chapter,
and returns to step ST1. It should be noted that in step ST5,
a reference value obtained by adding a predetermined time to
20 the position information indicated by the auxiliary information
may be set, and that this reference value may be compared
with the reproducing position information indicated by the
event notice to issue a command based on a comparison result.

25 Then, based on the "PlayNextChapter" command, the
drive unit 20 moves the reproducing position to a chapter 2.
When starting reproduction of the chapter 2 at a time t4, the
drive unit 20 outputs an event notice
"EC_DVD_CHAPTER_START" indicating that reproduction of
30 the chapter is started.

The control processing section 11 acquires the event notice "EC_DVD_CHAPTER_START" in step ST1 and an event notice "EC_DVD_CURRENT_HMSF_TIME" in step ST2. Then, in step ST3, the chapter 2 is associated to the reproducing position information indicating its beginning, to generate auxiliary information for storage in the information storage section 14. Thereafter, processing similar to that for the chapter 1 is performed, whereby the chapter 2 is reproduced for the predetermined time TA, and the reproducing position can be jumped to a chapter 3.

In this way, the predetermined commands and the event notices supplied from the drive unit can be utilized to realize the skip function by which content can be reproduced automatically from the beginning of one chapter to another for the predetermined time TA.

While the above operation has been described as an example of implementation of the skip function, the functions of predetermined commands may be expanded by issuing the commands as converted or adjusted based on comparison or computation results. For example, when a "PlayPrevChapter" command is issued, the reproducing position is moved back to the beginning of a chapter that is one chapter before a chapter currently being reproduced in the conventional scheme. However, by generating auxiliary information and converting or adjusting the "PlayPrevChapter" command using this auxiliary information, the function of the "PlayPrevChapter" command can be expanded.

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FIG. 4 is a flowchart showing a process of expanding the

"PlayPrevChapter" command, and FIG. 5 is a diagram for illustrating an operation thereof. In FIG. 4, steps corresponding to those of FIG. 2 are given the same reference numerals.

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When the command issuing section 11 issues to the drive unit 20 the "Play" command at a time t11 of FIG. 5 as so manipulated by a user, the drive unit 20 starts reproducing a chapter 1 in a first title 1, and outputs an event notice
10 "EC_DVD_CHAPTER_START" indicating that reproduction of the chapter 1 is started at a time t12, and also starts outputting event notices "EC_DVD_CURRENT_HMSF_TIME" indicating reproducing position information, as a result of content being reproduced.

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The control processing section 11 acquires the event notice "EC_DVD_CHAPTER_START" in step ST1 and a first one of the event notices "EC_DVD_CURRENT_HMSF_TIME" in step ST2, of FIG. 4. Then, in step ST3, it generates
20 auxiliary information by relating the chapter 1 to the reproducing position information indicating the beginning of the chapter 1, based on these event notices received in steps ST1 and ST2. In step ST4, the generated auxiliary information is stored in the information storage section 14.

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Thereafter, the control processing section 11 acquires reproducing position information based on a later-supplied event notice "EC_DVD_CURRENT_HMSF_TIME" in step ST5, and then reads the auxiliary information from the information
30 storage section 14 in step ST6.

When going to step ST10 from step ST6, the control processing section 11 determines whether or not the user has manipulated to issue the "PlayPrevChapter" command. If not, the control processing section 11 loops back to step ST1.

5 Otherwise, it goes to step ST11. Thus, when the operation to issue the "PlayPrevChapter" command is not performed, the control processing section 11 generates new auxiliary information upon start of reproducing a chapter, for storage in the information storage section 14. For example, at a time t13

10 at which reproduction of a chapter 2 is started, auxiliary information is generated based on the corresponding event notices "EC_DVD_CHAPTER_START" and "EC_DVD_CURRENT_HMSF_TIME".

15 Then, when operation is performed to issue the "PlayPrevChapter" command at a time t14 at which the chapter 2 is being reproduced, the control processing section 11 goes to step ST11 to determine whether or not a predetermined time TB has elapsed from the beginning of the chapter being

20 reproduced, based on the position information indicated by the read auxiliary information and reproducing position information indicated by a later-supplied event notice "EC_DVD_CURRENT_HMSF_TIME". If a value obtained by subtracting the position information indicated by the auxiliary

25 information from the reproducing position information indicated by the later-supplied event notice is smaller than the predetermined time TB, then the control processing section 11 goes to step ST12, where it sets a parameter to a "current chapter number - 1" and then goes to step ST14. In step ST14,

30 it supplies the drive unit 20 with a "PlayChapter(parameter)" command for reproducing a chapter set by the parameter.

Thus, when the "PlayPrevChapter" command is supplied before the lapse of the predetermined time TB from the beginning of the chapter 2, the reproducing position is moved back to the beginning of one chapter before, which is the chapter 1, to start reproducing the chapter 1 at a time t15.

On the other hand, when operation is performed to issue the "PlayPrevChapter" command at a time t16 at which the predetermined time TB has elapsed from the beginning of the chapter 2, the control processing section 11 goes from step ST10 to step ST11, and, knowing that the predetermined time TB has already elapsed, it further goes to step ST13 to set the parameter to a "current chapter number". In step ST14, the section 11 supplies the "PlayChapter(parameter)" command for reproducing a chapter set by the parameter, to the drive unit 20. Thus, when the "PlayPrevChapter" command is supplied after the lapse of the predetermined time TB from the beginning of the chapter 2, the reproducing position is moved back to the beginning of the chapter 2 being reproduced, to start reproducing the chapter 2 at a time t17.

In this way, when the "PlayPrevChapter" command is instructed, the jumping destination is changed according to the time elapsed from the beginning of a chapter being reproduced, whereby the function of the "PlayPrevChapter" command can be expanded.

Alternatively, the reproduction controller 10 may be implemented by a computer system. In that case, the driver section 12 is replaced with a device driver, and the reproduced signal processing section 13 with an API (Application

Programming Interface) for multi-media applications. Also, the operation of the control processing section 11 is implemented by application software. In this way, if the reproduction controller 10 is implemented by a computer system, the application software is used to perform the processing shown in FIGS. 2 and 4, whereby the skip function can be performed and the functions of predetermined commands can be expanded.

10 In the above embodiment, the auxiliary information is generated by relating a chapter to reproducing position information related to the beginning of the chapter, based on the event notices "EC_DVD_CHAPTER_START" and "EC_DVD_CURRENT_HMSF_TIME". However, the event notice related to reproducing operation is not limited to the "EC_DVD_CHAPTER_START" notice. For example, DVD-Video standards are designed to include a maximum of 99 titles and allow each title to be divided into a maximum of 999 logical chapters. Thus, as auxiliary information indicating a relationship between a content block constituting content and its position, auxiliary information may be generated in which a title is associated to reproducing position information, based on an event notice, for example, "EC_DVD_TITLE_CHANGE" indicating that title numbers are changed. In addition, event notices related to reproducing operation, such as "EC_DVD_STILL_ON" and "EC_DVD_STILL_OFF" indicating the start and end of "still" mode may also be generated as the auxiliary information.

30 Furthermore, the information storage section 14 sequentially stores auxiliary information generated based on

event notices related to content reproducing operation and event notices indicating reproducing position information, and thus besides the above-mentioned skip function and expanded "PlayPrevChapter" command function, a variety of reproducing
5 operations including, for example, jumping to a desired position even some chapters before, can be performed.

Furthermore, the above embodiment discusses only reproduction of DVD-Video compatible content in detail.
10 However, the above embodiment may also be applicable to reproduction of content recorded on other types of recording media such as optical discs and magnetic tapes, as long as these media can acquire the first event notice related to reproducing operation and the second event notices indicating
15 reproducing position information, regarding content recorded thereon.

Although the invention having been described hereinabove in its preferred form with a certain degree of
20 particularity, other changes, variations, combinations and sub-combinations are possible therein. It is therefore to be understood that any modifications will be practiced otherwise than as specifically described herein without departing from the scope and spirit of the present invention.

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